Vectors on a grid

| Name: | Class: | Date: |  |
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1) Using the diagram below, express the vector $\overrightarrow{B G}$ in terms of $\mathbf{m}$ and $\mathbf{n}$.

2) Find the vector formed when the vector -y is added to point F .

Write the vector as capital letters e.g. $\overrightarrow{A B}$.

3) Using the diagram below, express the vector $\overrightarrow{G H}$ in terms of $\mathbf{m}$ and $\mathbf{n}$.

4) Find the vector formed when the vector $y-x$ is added to point $D$.

Write the vector as capital letters e.g. $\overrightarrow{A B}$.

5) In the diagram below, $\overrightarrow{A B}=\mathbf{x}$ and $\overrightarrow{A F}=\mathbf{y}$.


Express the following vectors in terms of $\mathbf{x}$ and $\mathbf{y}$.
a) $\overrightarrow{V X}$
b) $\overrightarrow{U P}$
c) $\overrightarrow{L P}$
d) $\overrightarrow{I U}$
6) In the diagram below, $\overrightarrow{A B}=\mathbf{x}$ and $\overrightarrow{A F}=\mathbf{y}$.


Find the vectors formed when the following are added to point $U$, giving your answers as capital letters e.g. $\overrightarrow{A B}$.
a) $2 x$
b) $-4 y$
c) $3 x-3 y$
d) $4 x-2 y$

Solutions for the assessment Vectors on a grid

1) $\overrightarrow{B G}=2 \mathrm{n}-\mathrm{m}$
2) Vector $=` \operatorname{vec}(F C)$
3) $\overrightarrow{G H}=\mathbf{m}$
4) Vector $=\overrightarrow{D G}$
5) a) $\overrightarrow{V X}=\mathbf{2 x}$
6) a) $\overrightarrow{U W}$
b) $\overrightarrow{U P}=-\mathbf{y}$
b) $\overrightarrow{U A}$
c) $\overrightarrow{L P}=\mathbf{y}-\mathbf{x}$
c) $\overrightarrow{U I}$
d) $\overrightarrow{I U}=\mathbf{3} \mathbf{y}-\mathbf{3 x}$
d) $\overrightarrow{U O}$
